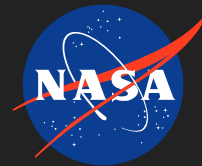


# GNSS Reflectometer Instrument for Bi-static Synthetic Aperture Radar (GRIBSAR) Measurements of Earth Science Parameters, Phase I

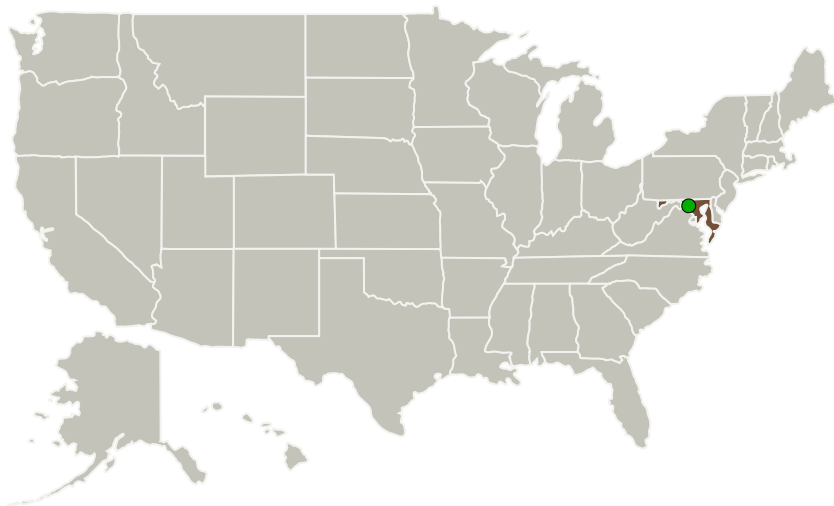
Completed Technology Project (2015 - 2015)



## Project Introduction

Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) signals scattered from ocean, land and ice are affected by the reflecting surface, and hence the changes induced by the surface can be observed. The full-time operation of radio navigation satellites system, abundant global signal coverage and spread spectrum communication for flexible signal processing makes GNSS reflected signals a viable candidate for Signal-Of-Opportunity (SOO) passive sensing. Existing research has shown that GNSS-Reflectometry (GNSS-R) based remote sensing has the potential to give environmental scientists a low-cost, wide-coverage measurement network that will greatly increase our knowledge of the Earth's environmental processes. The Intelligent Automation, Inc. (IAI) team proposes to develop a GNSS Reflectometer Instrument for Bi-static Synthetic Aperture Radar (GRIBSAR) for measuring earth science parameters. Our proposed approach is modular, scalable and meets the NASA goals of multi-channel, GNSS-R system to exploit GNSS reflected signals as SOO.

## Primary U.S. Work Locations and Key Partners



Organizations Performing Work	Role	Type	Location
Intelligent Automation, Inc.	Lead Organization	Industry	Rockville, Maryland
 Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC)	Supporting Organization	NASA Center	Greenbelt, Maryland



GNSS Reflectometer Instrument for Bi-static Synthetic Aperture Radar (GRIBSAR) measurements of earth science parameters, Phase I

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### Completed Technology Project (2015 - 2015)

Maryland

 **June 2015:** Project Start

 **December 2015:** Closed out

### Closeout Documentation:

- Final Summary Chart Image(<https://techport.nasa.gov/file/138893>)

**Phase 1**

- Demonstrate GRISBAR Feasibility in 2004-5
- Perform critical path of project
- Develop a set of Technical and Mission Plan

**Phase 2**

- Design Multi Channel GRISBAR hardware and software
- Build time implementation and testing
- Initial test processing and recording

**Phase 3**

- Flight planning, integration and calibration with the GRISBAR-2004
- Initial Test Mission (recording flight, data, video)
- Develop a ground processing

**Phase 4**

- Develop integrated GRISBAR system for 2005 mission
- Demonstrate GRISBAR testing strategy for 2005 mission

**GRISBAR**  
USC University of Southern California

Use (Reflex) (220-GHz) (Hetero)

Component: 61 GHz

**SURRE**  
Surrey University Research and Enterprise

**GRISBAR-GPX**  
GRISBAR Ground Processing

GRISBAR-2004

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science parameters, Phase I  
(<https://techport.nasa.gov/image/129875>)

Space Technology Mission Directorate (STMD)

Intelligent Automation, Inc.

## Small Business Innovation Research/Small Business Tech Transfer

Jason L Kessler

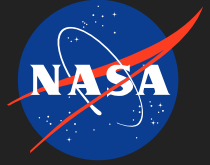
Carlos Torrez

Arvind Bhat

Arvind Bhat

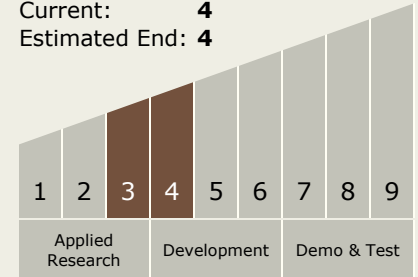
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Completed Technology Project (2015 - 2015)



## Technology Maturity (TRL)

Start: **3**  
Current: **4**  
Estimated End: **4**



## Technology Areas

### Primary:

- TX08 Sensors and Instruments
  - └ TX08.1 Remote Sensing Instruments/Sensors
    - └ TX08.1.4 Microwave, Millimeter-, and Submillimeter-Waves

## Target Destinations

The Sun, Earth, The Moon, Mars, Others Inside the Solar System, Outside the Solar System